

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXI

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1914.

NO. 52

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Thomas Hickey is home from college for the holidays.

Supervisor Casey was a visitor to this city last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lodge moved into the Stahl house on Miller avenue last Monday.

Mrs. Rider, who has been visiting Mrs. H. G. Plymire, returned to her home in San Jose last Wednesday.

Born—In this city, December 20, 1914, to the wife of J. Carmody, a boy. Mother and babe both doing nicely.

J. O. Snyder and Andrew Devine have erected brick retaining walls in front of their homes on Miller avenue.

The lot on Linden avenue where the new postoffice building is to be erected has been cleared and is now ready for the foundation.

J. O. Snyder's new Franklin touring car arrived on Tuesday. Mr. Snyder and his family will take great pleasure in it.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Martin arrived from Fresno last Thursday evening to spend Christmas with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Martin.

Mrs. George E. Mahoney and three children of Petaluma have been

spending this week with Mrs. T. J. Mahoney. They expect to leave tomorrow.

Early Friday evening Alexandro Montagna bit off the end of the left thumb of Henry Cannon in this city. Cannon had the wound attended to at the local hospital and Montagna was arrested and taken to Redwood City on a charge of mayhem.

Rev. George Wallace of Tokyo spent last Wednesday evening with W. J. Martin and family. Mr. Wallace has just completed a tour through the state talking on foreign missions. He expects to remain in San Francisco until the first week in January, when he will go to New York for a month before his return to Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Brown and children left Wednesday for Hanford to spend Christmas with Mrs. Brown's sister, Mrs. J. Tarr. Mr. Brown will return tomorrow. Mrs. Brown and children will remain for two or three weeks. While they are gone Mrs. Fox and Erwin Fox of Pacific Grove, Mrs. Brown's mother and sister, are here looking after the ranch for them.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees met last Monday evening in the city hall and transacted the following business:

The following liquor dealers were granted class A liquor licenses: George H. Wallace, Peter Regli, Ned and George Walthers (M. A. McSweeney, license surrendered), Frank Dougherty, Henry Scampini, H. F. Sharp, A. Locatelli, Richard Harder, Charles Fenger and Adolph Wolgeven, L. Bortoli, Julius Bianchi, G. Bertucelli, Peter Pala, John Colombo, R. E. Setter.

Upon motion of Trustee Wallace, seconded by Trustee McGovern, bids for constructing storm water sewer No. 1 were ordered opened.

The names of bidders and prices offered are as follows:

Eaton & Smith, \$2208.20.
F. F. Moore, \$2299.84.
Leech & De Camp, \$2270.15.
William J. Tobin, \$1898.56.
L. F. Gerdtz, \$1990.91.

The contract was awarded to William J. Tobin, he being the lowest bidder.

A communication was received from H. C. Tuchen of Redwood City in reference to appointing a representative from this city to join in a movement by the city officials in San Mateo county to aid the board of county supervisors in its efforts to have the state highway between Beresford and Redwood City completed as soon as possible, as promised by the state highway commission when this county purchased a quantity of the state highway bonds.

Trustee McGovern was appointed as the representative from this city.

An application was received from Martin and Cunningham asking permission to erect a brick one-story building on the west side of Linden avenue near Grand.

The request was referred to the chief engineer of the local fire department, as required by a local ordinance.

Jones & Brunner were granted permission to use half of Linden avenue upon which to place material while constructing the building of Martin and Cunningham.

Trustee Wallace reported that suitable garbage cans would be furnished to the city for the sum of \$5.75 each by the Western Meat Company.

Referred to the purchasing committee with full power to act.

A communication was received from the Pacific Gas and Electric Company asking if the board desired to renew its lighting contract with the company for a period of five years.

The clerk was directed to notify Manager Florence of the company that it was desired that he attend a meeting of the board on the following Wednesday evening and discuss the matter.

A communication was received from the Carnegie corporation giving information as to how payments would be made to the city while the new Carnegie free library building was in process of construction.

The communication was ordered filed.

Upon motion of Trustee Cunningham, seconded by Trustee McGovern, it was ordered that the De-

cember salaries of city officials be paid immediately.

Several claims against the city were approved and ordered paid.

At an adjourned meeting of the board, C. D. Burnham was awarded a contract to construct storm water sewer No. 2 for the sum of \$2808.67, and Leech & De Camp storm water sewer No. 3 for \$5388.61.

LOCAL STEEL WORKERS HAVE AN ENJOYABLE TIME

On Saturday evening, December 19th, the fourteenth annual ball of the Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, Local No. 77, was held in Majestic Hall, San Francisco. Invitations were extended to members of every union in the San Francisco bay sections. From this city a party, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Becker, Mr. and Mrs. E. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lodge, J. C. Myles, William Stinchcomb and Mr. and Mrs. J. Morton of Moss Beach, and representing the local steel workers, attended the ball. The steel workers of South San Francisco are the only ones in the United States who are organized in a union. This fact made the South San Francisco representatives particularly interesting to the various committees in charge of the entertainment, who took great pleasure in introducing them and seeing that special care was taken of them. The ball was a very large affair, but under the very efficient management proved a great success. The music was excellent. A souvenir program, very appropriately decorated with blue forget-me-nots was given to each guest. Aside from all this, a delicious supper was served free to all the participants of the most happy evening.

WRIT OF ATTACHMENT FILED AGAINST PROPERTY OF LOREN COBURN

A writ of attachment was filed Wednesday against the extensive land holdings of Loren Coburn, the millionaire octogenarian of Pescadero. The writ was obtained by R. P. Henshall, one of Coburn's attorneys in the recent proceedings by which the aged land owner was restored to competency. Henshall is suing for a \$19,450 fee. As a result of this litigation Coburn is being sued for fees amounting to \$100,000. This is in addition to the \$30,000 ordered paid by the court to the attorneys who opposed him.

Dressmaking and plain sewing done at 120 Baden avenue, opposite lumber yard. Mrs. M. Robbins. Advt.

JOYFUL TIME AT FULLER'S FACTORY

On Sunday, December 20th, the employees of W. P. Fuller & Co. and their friends spent a pleasant afternoon at the factory at South San Francisco. There were about 150 people present, including a large delegation from the San Francisco store.

The time from 1 o'clock until 4 was pleasantly spent in dancing in the building recently erected for the mixed paint department.

The lower floor of this building was especially prepared for the occasion, and the decorations of banners and greens gave the place a touch of Christmas spirit.

Bobbie Gough was master of ceremonies at the dancing, and light refreshments were served between dances under his direction.

At 2:30 there was a short pause in dancing while the merry crowd went out into the factory yards to watch the annual competitive drill of the three factory hose companies. W. P. Fuller Jr. officiated at the contest, which the wharf team captured, with the oil works a close second. The surprise of the race was the slump of form in the rubber paint team which was placed third after being conceded a sure first place by the dopesters.

Dancing was resumed after the race, and at 4 o'clock the crowd dispersed with that contented feeling which a person can acquire only after having spent an afternoon at a jolly-up of this sort.

An Unusual Amount of Painting Done This Fall.

"Everything comes to those who hustle while they wait" seems to be the motto adopted by our energetic merchants, the South City Lumber and Supply Company, for they have certainly been hustling this fall.

In backing up their excellent advertising in the columns of The Enterprise their handsome window displays have proved most effective. It is evident that there has been an unusual amount of painting done in South San Francisco, Cal., this season. That's a sign of prosperity we're very glad to see.

This week floor paint is the leader in their window. How an old scratched floor or a marred bare floor can be given a hard, serviceable, easily-kept-clean surface is clearly shown by the sample they display.

Mrs. J. D. Maule will receive orders for clothes cleaning and dyeing at her residence at 557 Grand avenue. First-class work guaranteed. Advt.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The county board of supervisors met in regular session at Redwood City last Monday.

Among the business transacted was the following:

The returns of the incorporation election held at San Bruno on the 18th inst. were canvassed and it was found that the proposition to incorporate the city of San Bruno had carried. It was also shown that Louis H. Trager, George M. Edwards, Fred C. Russell, J. J. Hearne and Emile Gibouret were elected trustees of the incorporation; Horace A. Benley, clerk, and Herman Mathiesen, treasurer.

A resolution was adopted officially declaring the above result.

Edward Freyer of Daly City addressed a communication to the board, asking that he be appointed county purchasing agent.

The communication was filed.

A communication was received from the State Railroad Commission denying the board's application to change the under-grade crossing at Holy Cross Cemetery to a grade crossing. The crossing asked for, which would be on a long diagonal, would be extremely dangerous. It was suggested that the present under-grade crossing be drained by the use of a pump.

A communication, signed by the officers of the election recently held

MR. COFFINBERRY'S CONDITION NOW MUCH IMPROVED

Mr. Coffinberry, who was operated on for an attack of appendicitis last Tuesday, was resting easily to-day at noon and is improving. All his many friends in this city and county are hopeful for his rapid recovery.

HOLIDAY MAIL BUSINESS NEARLY DOUBLE

The mail business in the local post-office during the holidays this year is about double that of last.

at San Bruno, was addressed to the board, asking that payment be made for their services.

It was ordered that the election officers be each allowed \$10.

A communication was received from the Individual Underwriting Corporation of San Francisco notifying the board that in the night of November 7th an accident occurred on the state highway near Baden, damaging an automobile owned by the California Ink Company in the amount of \$85.45, which loss was made good by the underwriting company. It was the intention to render a bill against the county because, it was alleged, the road was not properly safeguarded.

The communication was referred to the State Highway Commission.

A communication was received from the State Highway Commission, accompanied by a resolution in which it was declared that when the board of supervisors had acquired the necessary right of way for the state highway from Beresford to Redwood City, that portion of the highway would be built by the state.

The communication was referred to the district attorney.

The district attorney presented an ordinance fixing the prices of printing during 1915. The ordinance was adopted.

It was ordered that the offer of the Drew property as a jail site be rejected.

It was ordered that the clerk give notice that the board intends to purchase for \$16,000 the Kerr property on Webster street, opposite the courthouse, for a jail site.

Tax Collector McSweeney reported tax collections during the month of November amounting to \$419,213.76.

Surveyor Neuman presented plans and specifications for paving the road from Colma to Edgemar, which were accepted.

The surveyor presented plans and specifications for a trestle near Edgemar, which were accepted.

It was ordered that the surveyor and Supervisor Casey adjust the matter of the overhead crossing at Thornton which has been ordered removed by the Ocean Shore Railroad Company.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY

South San Francisco

This Bank will accept Books as Christmas Gifts to the new Carnegie Library and store them until same is completed.

Bank of South San Francisco

COMMERCIAL

SAVINGS

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars

ELECTRICITY HAS BECOME MAN'S SERVANT



IT GIVES
LIGHT-HEAT-POWER
AT HIS BIDDING

When your house is wired for electric light you are in a position to enjoy all the advantages of electricity which include electric LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER.

If the light in your home is not all that is desired, use the MAZDA LAMP, and we are sure you will be satisfied.

"PACIFIC SERVICE" will be glad to talk it over with you and give you expert advice.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

REDWOOD DISTRICT
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

RED CROSS AIDS SICK RUSSIANS

Dwinsk Sails From N. Y. With Surgeons and Supplies

During the last ten days the American Red Cross has made important supplemental shipments of hospital supplies to England, Germany, Russia, Belgium, Austro-Hungary and France, and has increased to 192 its force of skilled surgeons and nurses in the European war zone.

On the steamship Dwinsk, which sailed from New York, are being carried to the president of the Russian Red Cross at Petrograd 2000 pounds of pure chloroform, 2000 dozen (3 cases) of tetanus antitoxin, approximately 4000 pounds of 19 bales of absorbent cotton, 10 cases of gauze, 20 pounds of iodine crystals, 20 gallons of kresol, 50 pounds of quinine sulphate, one barrel of alcohol and 5,000,000 cigarettes, donated especially for Russians.

The Dwinsk is carrying also, consigned to American Red Cross Surgeon E. H. Egbert at Kiev, 200 pounds of pure chloroform, a number of boxes of drugs, 12 dozen rubber gloves and 2 sterilizers.

Recent shipments of additional supplies may be summarized as follows: To Belgian refugees in Holland, 94 cases of clothing for men, women and Relief Committee, for use in Belgium, Relief Committee, for use in Belgium, 4000 blankets; to France, 40 cases of hospital garments, 40 cases of clothing, a special donation of 200 boxes of cigarettes, 9 cases of absorbent cotton, and other hospital supplies; to Germany, 71 boxes of hospital supplies and clothing, and 20 bales of absorbent cotton; to England, 100 bales of absorbent cotton and 160 cases containing various hospital supplies and garments.

CONDENSED WAR NEWS

LONDON—The German Emperor has completely recovered and returned to the front, according to an announcement from the Berlin main headquarters, transmitted through Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company.

PARIS—The "Journal" states that after a council with his ministers, the Kaiser telegraphed to Field Marshal von Hindenburg as follows: "I want to enter Warsaw, my new capital, the first of the year. Do what is necessary."

BERLIN—The "Neuesten Nachrichten" prints a Brussels dispatch estimating the losses of the allies in the Yser campaign at 215,000 up to December 1. This total is made up of 50,000 Belgians, 60,000 English and 75,000 French.

BERLIN—Following the enforcement of a similar measure against Englishmen, the German Government will intern all French males between the ages of 16 and 60 who are residing in Germany. They will be taken to a camp near Holsheim.

PARIS—The French Parliament convened Tuesday in an extraordinary session, in which the national spirit was triumphantly predominant, and in which Premier Viviani was loudly cheered when he announced France's determination to fight until Prussian militarism is crushed.

WARSAW—By authority of Grand Duke Nicholas, a Polish legion has been organized. The Russian army contains many Polish volunteers, but the legion will be the first Polish contingent flying a distinctive flag to be accepted. Four thousand Poles are now enrolled in the legion, and will be ready to go to the front in six weeks.

ROTTERDAM—The most significant news is the great stream of refugees now flowing across the Dutch border. Flushing is already swamped by a flood of exiles, distracted by the outbreak of typhoid, and is at its wits' end. The refugees all agree that something dreadful is about to happen. Probably the growing nervousness among the Germans has communicated itself to the Belgians.

LONDON—The first Boer rebel to meet the extreme penalty was Captain Fourie, a former officer in the Union defense force, who was executed at Pretoria a few days ago. This would seem to indicate that any of the officers of the Union defense force who joined the rebellion, especially the leaders, will be severely dealt with, although there is a strong sentiment in the country for leniency.

ROME—King Victor Emmanuel issued a decree authorizing a national loan of one billion francs (approx-

PRINCE JOACHIM.

Kaiser's Youngest Son
Received Iron Cross.



mately \$200,000,000). Promulgation of this decree marks the culmination of the fight for funds to carry out the programme of military preparation for which the "war party" of Italy has been striving and which resulted recently in the disruption of the cabinet and its subsequent reorganization.

LONDON—Nearly 1000 Austrian soldiers are reported to have been killed or injured in a collision of two troop trains near Ralsz, Russian Poland, according to the "Daily Telegraph's" Petrograd correspondent. The trains are reported to have met while running at full speed, as the result of the accidental opening of a switch. Many of the cars were reduced to matchwood by the impact, and the passengers crushed.

STOCKHOLM—King Christian of Denmark, King Gustav of Sweden and King Haakon of Norway, who, with their Foreign Ministers, met in conference at Malmoe to formulate a plan to combine their respective interests during the war, reached an agreement on the special question raised. The deliberations consolidated the good relations among the three kingdoms and resulted in an agreement to pursue the co-operation so happily begun and to arrange, when circumstances should occur, for fresh meetings between representatives of the three governments.

LONDON—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Amsterdam says "Under pressure from the German authorities nine Belgian provinces sent representatives to Brussels, who held a so-called landtag session. It is asserted that this Diet deliberated concerning a war levy of \$96,000,000 which must be paid to the German Government in twelve monthly installments. The representatives agreed to issue treasury bonds guaranteed by the nine provinces, and a group of bankers, headed by the Belgian Societe Generale, undertook to advance the money. The German Governor General promised that all requisitioned goods would be paid for in cash if the installments were regularly received."

NEW YORK—Plans for gathering food supplies in small lots for the needy Belgians through contributions of "food boxes" of uniform contents have been announced by the Commission for Relief in Belgium. Circulars will be issued to all parts of the country stating the plan in detail by which the boxes may be procured by individuals or local committees from wholesale grocers and sent to the point of shipment for Belgium. This plan, it was stated, was originated by Mrs. Joseph Darling of Washington, who was assisted by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley in her work. Dr. Wiley laid out the contents of three boxes, one for infants, one for convalescents and one for adults, the make-up of each being with a view to providing all the food elements necessary to keep a human in good condition at the lowest possible cost.

Another Belgian relief ship will leave San Francisco about February 1, this being the third ship to leave the Pacific Coast. It is now loading in Seattle. It is the steamer Cranley, with a cargo-carrying capacity of 6800 tons, which left Hongkong December 21. The Cranley is chartered by the Belgian Relief Commission.

Social Status.

Sometimes a man imagines he's a social lion when he's only the goat.—Atlantic Globe.

NEUTRALITY ZONE IS SUGGESTED

Carranza's Trip From Vera Cruz Halted

An agreement to create a neutral strip along the Mexican side of the border to save Naco, Ariz., from further damage from Mexican shot and shell will be sought by Brigadier-General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States Army.

General Hill, whose force of Carranzistas has been besieged in the Mexican town by Governor Maytorena's Villaista troops, declared that he would not evacuate the place where he had withstood attacks for ten weeks. He agreed, however, not to follow Governor Maytorena if the latter withdrew from the siege. No word has been received from Maytorena.

Torrential rains have prevented General Scott from holding conferences with the Mexican leaders.

Private Alexander Baker of the Eleventh Infantry was killed while attempting to board a freight train on his way to camp.

The trip of General Carranza from Vera Cruz to the Isthmus of Tehuantepec was interrupted by the Zapata forces, who captured Soledad and from there sent a wild locomotive crashing into his approaching train. Neither Carranza nor any of his party were injured.

Carranza returned to Vera Cruz and went later to Cordoba to inspect his troops. From Cordoba some of his officers say he will continue his journey to the isthmus, after which he will go to Merida, in the State of Yucatan.

Carranza officials at Washington deny emphatically that Carranza intends to flee to a Central American country.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

Articles of incorporation of the California State Division League have been filed in the Superior Court at San Francisco by W. M. Dean, J. S. A. Macdonald, N. B. Anderson and Albert Assur. The expressed purpose of the organization is to effect the division of California into two States.

A. V. Fatjo, treasurer of the town of Santa Clara, has donated his commissions from the office for the past quarter as follows: To the Santa Clara firemen, Woman's Club, Commercial League and Library, \$62.32 each, and the King's Daughters and Santa Clara Relief Society, \$50 each.

Many low spots in San Francisco's topography will be brought to street grades by dumping Lindley Real Estate dirt from Twin Peaks tunnel into the depressions. The first 30,000 cubic yards of clay from the east portal excavation will be used in making fills in the Civic Center. This will save the city thousands of dollars, and will be a boon to the tunnel contractor.

An item for the examination and survey to ascertain the cost of deepening the channel of Suisun Bay and the San Joaquin River between Martinez and Antioch has been included in the House River and Harbors Appropriation Bill, which was reported out of committee in Congress, according to information received in Martinez from Congressman Charles F. Curry.

The recent agitation over the University of California hog serum station in East Oakland has had an unexpected effect—to greatly increase public interest in and consequently the utility of that institution. Dr. C. M. Haring, head of the veterinary department of the university, said that many requests had been received during the last few days from stock raisers for information about the serum.

Their scalps a mass of wounds, inflicted by the two daughters of their victim, Charles Ethelbert Oxnam, 18 years of age, son of a misister, now dead, and Glenn Witt, aged 12 years, who describes himself as a casual worker, are in jail in Los Angeles charged with the murder of William Montrose Alexander, a millionaire retired attorney of Dallas, Tex., who was killed while resisting burglars in his home.

Thousands of boxes of apples from the Watsonville district, nearly a thousand crates of celery from Jersey Island, and a miscellaneous lot of fruits and vegetables were swung into the hold of the big steamer Ohioan, all going into the refrigerator space of the vessel. The Ohioan sailed from

14-INCH GUNS THE LIMIT

Colossal Weapons Not So Effective as Those Used

The limit of building colossal guns for the navy of the United States has been reached.

A report has been made to the Navy Department to the effect that the new navy 16-inch gun, recently tested at Indian Head, near Washington, is not more effective than the existing 14-inch gun for the armament of the superdreadnoughts.

These statements, of world interest, are made by officers of the navy familiar with the affairs of the general naval board and the foreign intelligence bureau of the navy.

Officials of the latter bureau declare that they have information that Germany and England are aware of the limitations of the construction of naval guns, and their secret reports show that both countries have decided upon a 15-inch gun as "the last thing" in gun construction.

One of the authorities in the Navy Department declared that the future of effectiveness would depend upon the discovery of a new explosive or a new metal.

San Francisco for New York with the first fruits and vegetables ever carried from San Francisco to New York under refrigeration, through the Panama Canal.

The biggest and most wonderful Christmas tree ever brought out of the forest now stands in the central Court of the Universe at the Panama-Pacific Exposition grounds, San Francisco. There it will be the center on Christmas day of the Municipal Outdoor Christmas Festival, at which tens of thousands of children and probably three times as many grown folks, will take part in the festivities and good-fellowship of the day of mirth and friendship. The tree was formally turned over to the Panama-Pacific Exposition officials after its long journey from Quincy, in Plumas County, where it had been cut by the United States Forest Service.

Mayors of a number of the bay cities met in Mayor Rolph's chambers in the city hall, in San Francisco, and took steps to prevent a recurrence of last year's unemployed trouble. Suggestions made by the Commonwealth Club were adopted. These included: Registration of the unemployed of each community; residents with dependents to be given the preference and wages sufficient to pay for necessities; residents without dependents to be given opportunity to earn food and lodging; transients to be given no wages. The sense of the meeting was that those who crowd into California just for the winter months be given little consideration. The main thing, it was agreed, is to look after residents of the State.

"If you are looking for a job, don't come to California." This warning was issued in Sacramento by the California Commission on Immigration and Housing. The commission has just concluded an exhaustive investigation of conditions of unemployed in this State. It found there are now in the State thousands more men than jobs, hence this warning to outsiders seeking jobs to stay away. In a special report to Governor Johnson the commission condemns the practice of floating by which unemployed range from one State to another, and urges each community to solve its own problem. The commission announces that Californians will be given preference in assignment of available jobs. Those coming in from other states will have to look out for themselves. The commission and highway departments of the State report hundreds of more applications for work than can be filled.

A Christmas present of maple sugar has been made by the Duchess of Connaught to every Canadian under arms, ashore and afloat. A substitution piece has been sent with a card of holiday hopes to the members of the first expeditionary force at Salisbury Plain, the Royal Canadian Regiment on duty at Bermuda and to crews on vessels of the Canadian navy on duty on the Atlantic and Pacific. Fifty thousand half-pound pieces were distributed.

After putting him through a vigorous examination, Captain of Detectives Shea failed to obtain any admission from Vernon Fowler, suspect under arrest as the leader of the bandits who murdered William Fassett in the home of George Neal in San Francisco.

GRAPE MEN DISCUSS LIQUOR LAWS

Meeting Held by Protective Association in S. F.

About 300 grape growers and wine makers, representing the important grape sections of California, met in the Phelan Building assembly rooms, San Francisco, to listen to a report of the work done by the California Grape Protective Association.

The association had been primarily formed to defeat the prohibition amendment, and though this object was attained, the growers were unanimous in their desire to remain organized.

To regulate the sale of liquors and wines in such a manner that all objections would cease and that prohibition would become a dead issue, the legislation committee submitted a bill, which it is proposed to place before the Legislature, to be known as "The Liquor Code of California."

The act provides for the creation of a State board of excise commissioners, to be appointed by the Governor, and would take the saloon out of politics. All licenses would be passed upon by district excise commissioners, three of whom would be appointed in each of eight districts into which the State would be divided. The excise commissioners would issue wholesale, retail, hotel, restaurant and bartenders' licenses the latter being an innovation intended to insure reputable men.

A paragraph arousing more discussion than any other was that of limiting the number of saloons to the population. Some of the growers favored one saloon to every 1000 and others one to every 500, but on this no action was taken.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

Orders have been given by which the machinery of the Tremont and Suffolk (Mass.) cotton mills will be run twenty-four hours a day. This applies particularly to the weaving department. About 400 employees will be hired upon the extra orders.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, pure food expert, gave out the following menus for an ideal Christmas dinner from the pure food standpoint. He eliminated plum pudding because he considers it too heavy: Oyster soup, turkey, cranberries, potatoes, creamed carrots or turnips, plain lettuce salad with French dressing, mince or pumpkin pie, cheese, black coffee.

Pendleton was the coldest point in Oregon within the last few days, according to the Weather Bureau reports. The temperature there sank to 10 below zero. Other Eastern Oregon points also report continued cold. The Dalles experienced its coldest night in three years, with 3 above zero. Absence of snow coupled with the cold, is causing wheat growers serious concern for their fall-sown wheat. In Umatilla county farmers are reporting that much of the acreage will have to be reseeded in the spring unless the weather quickly moderates.

With an actual majority of the members of the House who were present and voting favoring it, the Hobson amendment to the national constitution providing for nation-wide prohibition was defeated in Washington because it lacked 91 votes of the necessary two-thirds majority of the House membership. The vote was 197 for and 189 against the resolution, which, if passed, would have submitted to the Legislatures of the several States the proposition of amending the national Constitution so as to shut off both the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the United States and territory controlled by them.

The "Lawyer and Banker," a legal and financial publication of New Orleans, recently sent out 9000 letters asking the receivers to submit their choice among the leading men of the country for the presidency in 1916. Franklin K. Lane was Democratic choice, although he is barred by reason of not being born in the United States. He is a native of Prince Edwards Island. The following is the choice of those who answered the letters: Democratic—Franklin K. Lane of California, 1119; Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, 703; Champ Clark of Missouri, 700; Oscar Underwood of Alabama, 345; George Gray of Delaware, 126. Republican—Justice Hughes of New York, 1584; James R. Mann of Illinois, 816; Governor-elect Whitman of New York, 510; M. T. Herrick of Ohio, 300; Senator Borah of Idaho, 197; Hiram W. Johnson of California, 59; Theodore Roosevelt of Oyster Bay, 11.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people; an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

South San Francisco is on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, the Shaw Batchelor Pipe Works, Enterprise Foundry and Prest-o-Lite Works. The Meese-Gottfried Machinery Company of San Francisco and the American Marble and Mosaic Company have purchased land and will soon operate. South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

**NEXT TIME
YOU BAKE---**

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
 under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
E. I. Woodman, Manager.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance.....\$2.00
Six Months " 1.00
Three Months " 50

Office on Linden Avenue, near Bank



SATURDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1914.

Christmas Day passed off quietly in this city. Church services were held in the morning. There were many home gatherings throughout the city during the afternoon and evening. The weather was all that could be wished for. Every one you met had the cheerful holiday countenance. The pessimist has departed for parts unknown, and none of us care. South San Francisco has its permanent foundation built, and is now ready for the big things that are surely coming during 1915 and the years following.

The Enterprise wishes all its readers and friends a most happy and prosperous New Year.

"Everywoman," a very fine woman's magazine published in San Francisco, devotes two pages in its current issue to the work of the club women of the Peninsula. In an article written by E. T. McGettigan of the Peninsula Industrial Commission, the Peninsula communities and the share in their development taken by the various women's organizations are described in a manner which makes most pleasing reading. This city's Woman's Club is given its meed of praise. The article is illustrated with pictures of the presidents of the several organizations. The commission has extensively advertised the Peninsula during the four months of the organization's existence. The "Everywoman" double-page article is the fourth magazine article written by Mr. McGettigan, all without cost to the cities or counties that have been receiving the advertising. The burden has been carried by the members of the commission. Mr. McGettigan, in his semi-annual report, shows that the commission has expended \$400 a month since last June in its efforts to make the Peninsula known. We believe that this burden should be shared by Peninsula merchants and property owners, if not the county itself, or the various cities in the area covered by the activities of the commission. We are certain that in the last six months there has been more published in the daily papers of San Francisco about South San Francisco, thanks to the commission, than in six years previous to the boost body's organization. We refer particularly to articles telling of the progress of this community, its new buildings, its street paving contracts and its growth in general, just the sort of news which makes for favorable public opinion.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"Every new case of a certain kind that goes into court proves again that foolish men write foolish love letters. As long as some men are able to contract new debts they don't let their old ones worry them.

This country has fixed up its currency problem pretty well. It ought to do as much for the unemployment enigma.

In four years Illinois will be 100 years old—if it lives. Life is very uncertain, and therefore charming.

Names that parents inflict upon their children are enough to cause

them to break into jail in after years. Why should any man hesitate to get married now that he is assured that revenue stamps are not required on marriage licenses?

A proud Georgian says: "If a stone wall were built around his state, it would still be self-supporting." This leaves the rest of the world in a perfectly comfortable frame of mind.

GOOD THINGS SAN MATEO COUNTY HAS RECEIVED DURING PAST YEAR

(Issued by the San Mateo County Development Association.)

Santa Claus has a soft spot in his heart for San Mateo county. He has given us many gifts this year and we should be extremely grateful, because the presents were most useful ones.

Some of the presents were of such gigantic size that it took the San Mateo County Development Association and the citizenship of the entire county to help carry them. Nevertheless, the gifts have been properly distributed, and as a consequence we find few and beautiful roads—miles and miles of them—in the places where they are really needed.

Santa Claus was very generous to the municipalities of Daly City, Burlingame and San Mateo, for these Peninsula towns are now the proud possessors of pretty and comfortable city halls, where the business of the respective municipalities can now be conducted in a proper and dignified manner. Santa Claus promises to be exceedingly kind to South San Francisco in the coming year in the way of municipal improvements, and there is every indication that he will leave a town hall and library there shortly. However, he brought them a modern hotel and a host of factories, which are doing a land office business. He has favored them largely in commercial ways and promises to help that city out with additional harbor facilities.

South San Francisco has its share of good roads and with the completion of the Bay Shore highway, extending from San Francisco to San Bruno, and with the newly paved streets, can justly boast of being one of the prettiest commercial towns in the west.

The infant municipality, Daly City, now owns and operates its own water supply and has many new boulevards and streets, which are the pride of the citizens. Here's hoping that Santa Claus will treat San Bruno, the new-born city, as well as he has his infant pet.

Burlingame, San Mateo and Redwood City with those districts in San Mateo county not in the incorporated sections, have also fared exceedingly well at the hands of Santa Claus, who has given them a veritable ocean of boulevards and improvements in the way of buildings. Redwood City's gifts have also been in factories and increased population.

In fact, all of San Mateo county has been generously treated by Santa Claus. The population and valuation of the county have increased; so our Christmas Day can be a very merry one.

Many thanks to old Santa Claus. May he continue onward with the good work.

THE HOME PAPER A PHILANTHROPIST

Ex-Governor Francis once said the following of newspapers:

"Each year the local paper gives from \$500 to \$1000 in free lines to the community in which it is located. No other agency can or will do this. The editor, in proportion to his means, does more for his town than any other ten men, and in all fairness he ought to be supported—not because you like him or admire his writings, but because the local paper is the best investment a community can make. It may not be brilliantly edited or crowded with thought, but financially it is of more benefit to the community than the preacher or teacher. Understand me, I do not mean mentally, and yet on moral questions you will find most of the papers on the right side. To-day the editors of the local papers do the most for the least money of any people on earth."

For Sale—Good old papers, 15 cents per hundred. Apply this office. Advt.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH SERVICES

Services for the Sunday After Christmas.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Holy Communion at 11 o'clock, with sermon by the Rev. H. H. Powell, D. D., Ph. D. Text for sermon, Isaiah ix:6-7: "For unto us a child is born, unto us a Son is given; and the government shall be upon His shoulder: and His Name shall be called Wonderful, Counselor, the Mighty God, the Everlasting Father, the Prince of Peace. Of the increase of His government there shall be no end."

The Collect for Christmas Day.

O God, Who makest us glad with the yearly remembrance of the birth of Thine only Son Jesus Christ; grant that as we joyfully receive Him for our Redeemer, so we may with sure confidence behold Him when He shall come to be our Judge, Who liveth and reigneth with Thee and the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end. Amen.

The Gospel for Christmas.

St. John, chapter 1: In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. The same was in the beginning with God. All things were made by Him; and without Him was not anything made that was made. In Him was life; and the life was the light of men. And the light shineth in the darkness; and the darkness comprehendeth it not. There was a man sent from God, whose name was John. The same came for a witness, to bear witness of the Light, that all men through him might believe. He was not that Light, but was sent to bear witness of that Light. That was the true Light, which lighteth every man that cometh

into the world. He was in the world, and the world was made by Him, and the world knew Him not. He came into His own, and His own received Him not. But as many as received Him, to them gave He power to become the sons of God, even to them that believe on His name: which were born, not of blood, nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God. And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us (and we beheld His glory, the glory of the only begotten of the Father), full of grace and truth.

The Virgin Birth.

A preacher in San Francisco recently achieved some notoriety by condemning the ancient and Biblical teaching that Jesus was born of a virgin. His remarks amounted to saying that the virgin birth is mentioned only in the gospels of St. Matthew and St. Luke, but is totally ignored by St. John and St. Paul's epistles. Then he says, "What is good enough theology for John and Paul is good enough theology for me." Just because St. John and St. Paul do not mention the virgin birth, therefore they did not believe the doctrine!

Evidently the gentleman does not know the theology of St. John and of St. Paul. The above quotation from St. John's gospel, and almost any of St. Paul's epistles, plainly show that they both of them believed that Jesus Christ is eternal, that He is from everlasting to everlasting, and that there never was a time when the Son of God was not. "The Same was in the beginning with God." Let anybody explain how Christ could exist before He was born in Bethlehem, which is the undeniable teaching of St. John and St. Paul, and then he will be competent to disprove the doctrine of the Virgin Birth.

For Sale—Crib and mattress, in good condition, cheap. Apply 349 Commercial avenue. Advt.

The Metropolitan Hotel

of

South San Francisco

Desires to announce that arrangements have been made to serve a midnight luncheon between the hours of 11:30 and 1 in the hotel dining room on New Year's Eve. The general public as well as guests of Progress Camp, No. 425, W. O. W., are cordially invited.

Kindly reserve your tables early to see the old year out and new year in.

Service 50 Cents the Plate

Under Management of Lloyd M. Lyons

FOR THE LATEST STYLES IN

Men's Clothing, Hats, Shoes and Furnishings

And for Work Clothes That Wear, Try

THE METROPOLITAN TOGGERY

Right Goods at Right Prices. A Share of Your Patronage Is Solicited

METROPOLITAN HOTEL BUILDING

Cor. Linden and Grand Avenues

South San Francisco, Cal.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

South City Lodge, No. 832, L. O. O. F. M., meets in Metropolitan Hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers welcome.
Chas. H. Woodman, Dictator.
Henry Veit, Secretary.

Court Violet, No. 1453, Independent Order of Foresters, meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall.
J. P. Murry, Chief Ranger.
Corabelle Veit, Secretary.

Francis Drake Lodge No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for stated meetings.
E. N. Brown, Master.
H. F. Minglehoff, Secretary.

South San Francisco Lodge No. 850, The Fraternal Brotherhood, meets every second and fourth Mondays in Lodge Hall.
W. C. Schneider, President.
Clara Broner, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting brothers welcome.
Frank Robinson, Sachem.
G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m.
Oswald Lockhart, Worthy President.
Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary.
Visiting brothers welcome.

San Mateo Lodge No. 7, Journeymen Butchers' F. and B. A., meets every first and third Monday in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m.
Peter Lind, President.
J. E. Sullivan, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Hours: 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW

South San Francisco, San Mateo County, Cal.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.
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HAY AND GRAIN

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Sanitary Plumbing and Gasfitting
Tinning and Jobbing. Estimates furnished new work. All work guaranteed.
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Curisus Bros.

Dealers in
Staple Groceries, Fine Fruit and Vegetables
IMPORTED OLIVE OIL
Fresh Fruit Daily Quick Delivery
243 Grand Ave., South San Francisco

"The Hub"

Chas. Guidi Tailoring Co.
A fine set of Rogers' Silverware will be given away on New Year's evening. Come in and get particulars.

313-315 GRAND AVE.

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

REASONS FOR DISMISSING GRAND JURY NOW KNOWN

Declaring that the order for the dismissal of the San Mateo county grand jury was made under a misapprehension by Judge George Buck, and that the jurist has admitted as much, Mrs. Alfred R. McCullough Wednesday discussed the present aspects of the situation.

Recovering somewhat from their astonishment at finding themselves suddenly dismissed from service, several members of the discharged body, notably the women, have been busy since Monday seeking the cause of Judge Buck's action.

This is believed to have been discovered in an ill-timed remark made by one of the women members to Judge Buck. The order of dismissal followed almost immediately.

Early last week the salary committee of the grand jury held a spe-

cial meeting to devise means of avoiding certain difficult responsibilities. Mrs. A. E. de Vere, chairman; Mrs. Alfred R. McCullough, secretary; Mrs. Samuel Merk, John Daly and T. Foley, comprising the committee, were present to pass upon a request of Mayor George Roff of Burlingame for indorsement of a specific plan for increasing the salaries of county officials.

After discussion, Mrs. McCullough was directed to send a letter to Judge Buck, asking him to request the board of supervisors to devise a plan for salary increases, and so relieve the grand jury of the responsibility.

"The letter never was sent," explained Mrs. McCullough Wednesday, "because Judge Buck dismissed the grand jury before I had it ready."

The explanation, Mrs. McCullough said, "was that some woman member of the body, in conversation with Judge Buck, had informed him of the purpose of communicating with him regarding the matter of county salaries. The judge received the impression that the salary committee, somehow, had planned to influence him improperly, and his order dismissing the jury followed. Tuesday afternoon Mrs. McCullough saw Judge Buck and explained the situation.

"He said," declared Mrs. McCullough, "that he would not have dismissed the grand jury if he had really known what was in the letter, as the request it contained was not improper."

Owing to Judge Buck's order discharging the jury a few days after its organization, the most any juror will receive this year will be \$9, and the majority of the inquisitors must content themselves with \$3, the wages for the single time that the jury met as a body.

According to the order made by Judge Buck Wednesday, all the jurors will receive \$3 for the day they met to organize. Foreman Thomas L. Hickey, Mrs. S. D. Merk, Mrs. A. R. McCullough, W. J. de Gear and J. D. Daly will receive \$6 additional for attending two meetings of the salary committee and P. E. Flemming, John Kyne and A. F. Joseph, members of the finance committee, are to be given an extra \$3 for attending a meeting of that committee.

TO THE LADY OF THE HOUSE.

Please order your supplies for the day early in the morning and all in one order. One daily trip to your door is enough. Two trips wear me out twice as fast.

Telephoning in an extra order doubles the work for the sales clerk and bookkeeper as well as for the driver and horse. This adds to the cost of all you buy.

Hurry-up orders make whippings for me.

Please think of those who serve you, both people and horses.

Your obedient servant,
THE DELIVERY HORSE.

THE FRATERNAL ORDERS WANT MEN.

Men from every rank,
Fresh and free and frank;
Men of thought and reading
Men of light and leading,
Men of loyal breeding,
The nation's welfare speeding;
Men of faith and not of faction,
Men of lofty aim and action;
Give us men—I say again,
Give us Men!

Give us Men!
Strong and stalwart ones;
Men whom highest hope inspires,
Men whom purest honor fires,
Men who trample self beneath them,
Men who make their country wreathe them

As her noble sons,
Worthy of their sires!
Men who never shame their mothers,
Men who never fail their brothers,
True, however false are others,
Give us Men!

Give us Men!
Men who, when the tempest gathers,
Grasp the standard of their fathers
In the thickest fight;
Men who strike for home and altar,
Let the coward cringe and falter,
God defend the right!
True as truth, though lorn and lonely,
Tender as the brave are only;
Men who tread where saints have trod,
Men for county—home—and God;
Give us Men! I say again—again—
Give us Men!

Cured Her.

"I cured my wife of quarreling about wanting her own way in everything."

"How?"

"I let her have it."

Wrong System.

"Bliggins doesn't get on."

"No. He insists on figuring on the high cost of living instead of on how to get the price."

LEAGUE FORMED TO DIVIDE STATE

Articles of incorporation of the California State Division League have been filed in the superior court of San Francisco by W. M. Dean, J. S. A. Macdonald, N. B. Anderson and Albert Assur.

The expressed purpose of the organization is to effect the division of California into two states.

Assur, the reputed head of the new league, operates a collection agency in San Francisco. When asked regarding its plans he was reticent, declaring any statement must come from Dean.

W. M. Dean, a real estate dealer, declared that Southern California is populated largely by natives of other states who are not in sympathy with the spirit and traditions of California. In regard to the specific purpose of the league he was as reticent as his colleague.

J. S. A. Macdonald, another of the incorporators, declared that there is a strong sentiment for division both in the north and the south.

"Los Angeles has sufficient votes," said Macdonald, "to hold the balance of power and can determine the outcome of any measure in the state. Many matters which are of vital consequence to the entire state are to come up in the near future. For one thing, there is to be a meeting of the California Dry Federation in Fresno soon to devise ways and means of raising \$100,000 to carry on the fight to impose prohibition on the state. It is said that A. J. Wallace will take an active part in the movement."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.
Preaching service, 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:45 p. m.

Junior Epworth League, Friday, 3:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome.

Laws can discover sin, but not remove it.—Milton.

THE HUB Tailoring Co.

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.

A Great Special

We have Ladies', Gents' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at lowest prices. We are offering this big sale during this month only.

We received a large stock of Ladies' Hats in the latest styles, which will be sold here at lowest prices.

Come and see our display of Toys, Bicycles, Coasters, Big Dolls, etc.

Do not forget to come and get a coupon for a fine silverware set that will be given out on New Year's Eve.

313-15 GRAND AVENUE

So. San Francisco, Cal. Phone 632

BANK CIGAR STAND MANUEL MONIZE, Prop.

First-class brands of CIGARS and TOBACCO always on hand. Metropolitan Hotel Building, Grand avenue, near Linden.

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of

New Spring Styles

—OF—

L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas

SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store

If You Want GOOD MEAT

Ask your butcher for meat from

THE GREAT ABATTOIR

At South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal

HOLIDAY GOODS

We have a complete line of Toys of all kinds, consisting of Dolls, Dishes, Books, Games, Automobiles, Velocipedes, Wagons, Pianos, Trains and Mechanical Toys, and others too numerous to mention.

ASK FOR AMERICAN TRADING STAMPS

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 Grand Avenue

South San Francisco

To the Laborer and the Investor

Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

Postoffice Building

South San Francisco

HOLIDAY RATES

ACCOUNT

Christmas and New Year's

Fare and one-third for Round Trip. Tickets sold December 21st to 25th, inclusive, and December 28th to January 1st, 1915, inclusive. Return limit, January 4th.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Write to Your Friends
in the East and Tell Them That

CALIFORNIA'S

TWO GREAT 1915

EXPOSITIONS

At San Francisco and San Diego will
open on schedule time.

There will be

NO POSTPONEMENT

on account of the European war

or for any other reason.

Ask each of them to mail a Postal to Some One Else, and the
Mail Man will spread the news

OPENING DATES AND DURATION OF EXPOSITIONS:

Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco

February 20 to December 4, 1915

Panama-California Exposition at San Diego

January 1 to December 31, 1915

Here are some convincing facts concerning the great
Exposition at San Francisco:

Not one of the 42 exhibiting foreign nations has withdrawn, while three of them have increased their participation. Seven nations involved in war and five neutral European nations will have their own buildings. Exhibits from eleven foreign countries have already arrived. Forty-three of our States and one city are making individual exhibits. Finally, these exhibitors are spending more money than previously expended in any two other expositions.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

The Exposition Line—1915. First in Safety

W. D. SHEA

Mr. W. D. Shea, formerly city architect of San Francisco, is the architect of THE REGENT

Messrs. Ward & Goodman are the builders of THE REGENT

The building will be fire-proof

Even the floors will be concrete

There won't be anything in THE REGENT to burn

You will be safe—while enjoying the pictures at THE REGENT

The building at the corner Baldwin and Griffith Avenues, San Mateo is to be two stories 120 x 150 feet

It will be an example of the architect's skill in designing and an example of the builder's integrity in solid construction

The entrance to THE REGENT will be Terrazzo tiling with marble wainscoting

Mr. Shea will have the opportunity to exhibit the result of his long experience as an architect of note in the designing and superintending of the construction of this model photo-play house

There will be very many innovations in the ventilation the color-scheme to be used the unusually fine fittings and furniture

every patron will have in the air-cushion seats that you will come—again and again and tell your friends who will likewise come—and come again.

THE REGENT photo-play house will be the pride of the Peninsula

Here will be produced the finest plays used by any photo-play house in the world

They will be produced under such delightful conditions that you will be proud to attend THE REGENT and to bring your friends

Peninsula Investment Co.

San Mateo
Advertisement.

South San Francisco

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

September, 1914.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

7:01 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

7:16 a. m.

7:42 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:03 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:44 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

9:23 a. m.

9:53 a. m.

11:28 a. m.

1:42 p. m.

3:42 p. m.

5:14 p. m.

5:32 p. m.

7:28 p. m.

8:28 p. m.

(Except Saturday and Sunday)

11:32 p. m.

(Saturday and Sunday)

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:47 a. m.

7:17 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:28 a. m.

10:58 a. m.

11:58 a. m.

1:37 p. m.

3:17 p. m.

4:36 p. m.

5:24 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

5:58 p. m.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

6:46 p. m.

8:28 p. m.

9:47 p. m.

12:02 p. m.

(Theatre Train)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 a. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:47 a. m.

North, 8:04 a. m.

South, 11:57 a. m.

North, 12:13 p. m.

South, 2:26 p. m.

North, 3:42 p. m.

North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.

North, 11:57 a. m.

South, 12:13 p. m.

North, 2:26 p. m.

South, 3:42 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—G. W. Holston (President), F. A. Cunningham, Geo. H. Wallace, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....E. P. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
Health Officer.....Dr. I. W. Keith
BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, C. C. Conrad, E. N. Brown.

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Cor. and Pub. Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
.....John F. Davis
Constables.....Jas. C. Wallace
.....J. H. Parker
Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

San Mateo County
BUILDING AND LOAN
ASSOCIATION

Assets - - \$360,104.32

Loans made on the Monthly Definite Contract Plans, paying in from 5 to 12 years as may be desired, with privilege of partial or total repayment before maturity. No premiums or unnecessary expense.
GEO. W. LOVIE, Secretary,
Redwood City, Cal.

GOOD STATIONERY

Is an Introduction In Itself and Makes a First Impression That Is Valuable.

Call and See What We Can Do For You In This Line.

Want to Get What You Want?

TRY A WANT AD.

HE NEEDED CREDIT.

Jim Follansbee and I were in London waiting for a remittance that didn't come. What was the matter I did not know, but I didn't get the money. Jim was strapped and depending on me to help him out. I had arranged for certain sums to be sent me periodically, and they had come all right except this last one.

Were you ever in a strange land without money or credit? Well, it's a mighty mean feeling. We hired a room, which we paid for in advance for a week, and this left us 23 shillings for meals for that period. I expected surely that my draft would come within seven days at most, and then I would have all I needed for both of us. But the mail steamers continued to come in one after another and no remittance. I put off the person who rented us the room, but I couldn't induce any one to trust me for a meal. Jim and I both got so lean and hungry that our own mothers wouldn't have known us.

One evening when we were pretty near starved I said to Jim, "Jim, I'm going to have a bang up good dinner."

"I'd like to know where you're going to get it," said Jim.

"And I'm going to take you in, too."

"That's very good of you. Only I don't want any Barmecide feasts just now. I'm hankering after the real thing."

"Shut up and listen."

I developed my plan to him. I reserved for myself the leading role, and Jim didn't like playing a low-down part, but he was hungry enough to steal a baby's bottle. So he consented.

About 7 o'clock I went into a nice little restaurant on a side street where "bobbies" weren't very frequent and, hanging up my overcoat, sat down to a table and ordered pretty nearly everything on the bill. I ordered turtle soup, fried sole, a cut of Southdown mutton—English mutton's jim dandy, you know—and I just told the waiter to bring me all the entrees—there were six of 'em—and a quart bottle of ale. You see, I was so hollow that I needed all these dishes to fill me up.

That was a dinner I've never forgotten. Every time I get awfully hungry I eat it over again—in imagination. When I'd got through with the substantial I topped off with an English plum pudding, washed down with some real port—the real stuff that the nobility drinks—and ordered a cup of coffee.

Having satisfied a hunger that had been accumulating for a week, I strolled up to the cashier's desk, where the proprietor himself sat behind a cigar counter. I had picked out a shilling cigar and was cutting off the end preparatory to lighting it when I heard a voice close beside me say:

"Mr. Marston, this is the luckiest meeting for me in the world."

I turned, and there was Jim beaming on me as happy and as innocent looking as a six-year-old boy.

"You have the advantage of me, sir."

"You haven't the advantage of me. I know you for Edwin Marston, head of the firm of Marston, Plunkett & Co., bankers, Wall street, New York. I once kept an account at your house. My name's Follansbee"—that was the only truth in the whole tale—"and I repeat I'm lucky to meet you, for I've spent all my money and am waiting for a remittance. You must help me out."

"I don't remember you, sir," I replied, "but I'll not see a fellow countryman in a strange land in need of friends. How much do you want?"

"Oh, £50 will do. But, I say, I haven't dined and I need a sovereign for a dinner right off."

"Go right over there to that table and order what you like."

Jim sat down at a table, and I don't think he left anything on the menu unordered. If he did it wasn't anything more succulent than a her-ring. I stood by the landlord puffing my cigar.

"When he has had his dinner," I said, "just make one bill for it all!" Then I went on to tell him that our firm did such a large business that I couldn't remember everybody who dealt with us or who knew me. I sometimes got swindled, I admitted,

by people who said they knew me and whom I didn't know, but I'd rather get stuck for £100 now and then than refuse one of 'em.

The landlord had dabbled a little in "Americans" and asked me about several railway companies in which he had shares. I didn't happen to know about any of them, but I told him so much about each one that Jim had plenty of time to eat his dinner. I was leaning over the counter with my back to my friend, the landlord facing him. Suddenly the landlord cried out to me:

"That fellow's going out!"

I was bound to finish what I was saying. There was Jim near the door.

"He's stealing your overcoat!" cried the landlord as Jim unhooked the coat.

With an imprecation I ran to save my coat and down the street after the thief.

We met later in our room much refreshed. But we didn't have any more deprivation, for the next morning I received my remittance. I went around to the restaurant and paid for the two dinners. All I wanted was a little credit. I am aware that to get it I practiced a trick worthy of a jailbird. But was there any harm so long as I was good for the amount?

JAPAN'S FAT WRESTLERS.

Outside of the Arena Eating Is Their Most Important Task.

The most envied men in Japan are the wrestlers, who are fat and bulky. The first requisite of a Japanese wrestler is that he be fat. Their stomachs are their proudest possessions. The fatter the man the more money they will bet on him, even though a bedslat can throw him clear of the ring. As a fat wrestler walks down the street a crowd gathers around him, hoping that he will turn into some restaurant. If he does they gather in the doorway to watch him eat. They would rather hear a Japanese wrestler eat than go to a three ring. A wrestler never disappoints them—he plows through astounding quantities of food, turning everything under except a few radish skins and turnip tops. It's unbelievable how much noise they make when eating by smacking their lips, sucking up their tea with the open exhaust and picking their teeth with the cut-out on.

The champion eaters of them all—the wrestlers—have long hair, but instead of letting it hang down on their shoulders, as one would naturally expect, they do it up in knots until they look like a gigantic kewpie. Whenever you see a man in Japan going around with a large-sized walnut on his head, you may know that he follows the ancient and honorable profession of wrestling. Their wrestling consist of the men standing upright in the ring, making a rush at each other and trying to push each other out. Every time two wrestlers come together they give a prodigious grunt. When one of them finally succeeds in pushing the other out the crowd bursts forth into mighty applause, while the victor modestly pats his stomach to show where praise is due.

When You Travel.

Don't wait until you reach the station, a few minutes before it is time for the train to start, before you find out the time for starting, arriving at your destination and the time of connection. Other passengers wish to take the same train and must buy tickets. And don't argue the question of the price of your ticket with the ticket seller. The price is settled by the managers and directors of the road. If the price is unjust, address a communication to them and stay at home until the price is satisfactory or pay it and keep still.

Language Mixed.

"That," said the physician, as he examined the lump on the man's neck, "is the remains of an old boil that started to come and then became encysted there."

"Well," said the unlettered patient, "it sure has encysted on stayin' there."

Two Volcanoes.

Vesuvius and Etna are never both active at the same time.

WHAT SHALL WE PLAY?

The persistent and widely varied sources of inquiries received at this office, concerning the relative merit of games, indicate a living public interest in the subject which compels attention. For instance:

"Will you please suggest something new for amusement at our socials?"—An Epworth League President.

"If you can show me how to make my two boys contented with their home I shall owe you a life's gratitude."—A Mother.

"What can you offer by way of assistance in solving the recreation question for our young men?"—Baptist Pastor.

"Please tell me what you regard as the most wholesome games for the home. What games does your association indorse or condemn and why? What is your attitude toward dancing and card playing?"—A Young Lady.

"Just what stand does your association take on the subject of public billiard halls? Do you favor closing them up or regulating them? When they are closed up, what substitute do you offer? If you would place your association on record definitely on this question, it would greatly increase your power."—An Editor.

These are only specimens of hundreds of letters now on our files, in reply to which we submit the following:

First—Outdoor games generally are superior to indoor games, but the winter season in this climate means indoor games, and we therefore confine our discussion to the field covered by our association.

Second—It is of little consequence what games we indorse or condemn. Only our reasons for so doing, based upon scientific analysis, are of any value.

Third—To draw intelligent conclusions concerning the relative merits of games, it is necessary to entirely eliminate prejudice and the disadvantages arising from all abuses and bad associations, for which the games themselves are not responsible. For instance, many good people approve and enjoy rolling wooden balls over the green lawn because it is called croquet, while they would not think of such a thing as rolling ivory balls over a green cloth, because it is called billiards, notwithstanding that billiards is a much superior game from the test of science and skill. This is, no doubt, due to the fact that the latter game is frequently found in bad company. This, however, is not an inherent demerit of the game, but only a testimony to the devil's appreciation of the best things going.

Fourth—We have no patience with mere amusement. We indorse only those games which rank in the category of recreation. That means active participation rather than passive onlooking, and ranks all sedentary games, such as checkers, chess, dominoes, cards (whether Flinch or Cinch) as secondary. We indorse those games most highly which bring into activity the greatest proportion of human potentialities, i. e., muscles, nerves, judgment, skill, accuracy, promptness of decision, etc.

Volley Ball.

In view of these general limitations and requirements, therefore, we unhesitatingly place at the head of our list the versatile game of volley ball. Invented in Germany, it is rapidly coming to the front in this country. It is a form of indoor tennis, the naked hand being substituted for the racket. The number of participants are limited only by the capacity of the room. The players are separated by a net. The object of the "serving" side is to cause the ball to strike the ball in the opponent's territory on the opposite side of the net. The violence of the exercise is determined by the limitations of the participants. The game is equally adapted to boys and

girls, big and little. In an ordinary engagement there is brought into play nearly, if not every, muscle in the body. Leaning backward with arms thrown up is a frequent posture which affords, as few other games do, the splendid exercise for shoulders and spine.

Of course, this game requires a higher ceiling and a larger room than is commonly found in the home. But we advise it strongly for Y. M. C. A.'s "Community" houses or "Social Centers," in towns and villages sufficiently awake to take any serious interest in their young people or in the solution of this vital problem.

Dance.

The most mooted question, however, and perhaps the most futile, is the dance. But since my opinion has been called for, I submit it herewith: The old-fashioned democratic dances like the "square" dance, the schottische, waltz or two-step were enjoyable, and, when conducted properly, comparatively harmless. But the dance has deteriorated. It has become commercialized and professionalized. New steps and movements of very questionable attitudes are constantly invented. The managers of the modern dance seem dominated by two motives: First, to change the style often enough to keep the instructors busy at fancy prices; second, to make the feminine attitude sufficiently alluring to draw the crowds. Not long since I watched the "Turkey trot" danced "properly." Now, I do not believe I can be accused of pious bigotry or narrowness, but I want to say emphatically that the Indoor Game Association positively disclaims any indorsement of the modern dance.

Billiard Halls.

As to our attitude on billiard halls, we have expressed ourselves so often that repetition seems almost unnecessary. Our idea is a "Recreation Center" under municipal or church or school auspices, which shall include billiards, for the reason that billiards possesses certain points of intrinsic merit not found in any substitute yet known to us. This explains its irresistible appeal to the game instinct of youth. It involves no luck, no chance. It is pure science, pure game. I have made a special study of the billiard hall subject, and I insist that it is not the impurities of disreputable places that attracts our young men. It is their God-given instinct for play and the masculine love of conquest. That instinct will not and can not be crushed by mothers' "don'ts" or fanatical legislation, but it may be used as a developing factor in the shaping of character. I have newspaper clippings by the score showing how the prohibition of this game to the young man has resulted only in driving him to play "poker" and worse pastimes. Close up the disreputable game rooms, but do not permit the devil to cheat us out of this beautiful game.

For more elaborate discussion of this question, send 25 cents for our little book, "The Church and the Young Man's Game."

F. J. MILNES,

President National Indoor Game Association, Downers Grove, Ill.

For no reason at all we have wondered and wondered and wondered what moths ate before Adam and Eve went in for dress reform.

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A STRUGGLE FOR A FORTUNE.

There is no end to the superstitions of the eastern hemisphere. In India there is a firm belief in the transmigration of souls—that is, when a human being dies the soul passes into the body of an inferior animal.

There was a woman, Nirmal, who lived near Calcutta who was possessed of a larger share of the world's goods than is usual to anyone in that country except the ruler. She was old and infirm, and the only person she had to comfort her was a son, who was in poor health.

Nirmal nursed her boy, he grew weaker every day till at last he died in her arms. Leaving the body he went out into the yard, and there she saw a new-born calf, trying to balance itself on its legs and looking at her with its big eyes. She did not doubt that her son's spirit had passed into it, and, going to it, threw her arms about its neck and crooned over it.

If ever a dumb animal was born into the world "with a silver spoon in its mouth" it was this calf. A room on the ground was prepared for it, with a door that would enable it to go in and out at will. At one end of the room a trough was built for its food, and since it did not eat any food it was given a plentiful supply of such as a calf requires.

When Nirmal died she left her fortune to the calf, appointing an administrator and guardian. At the animal's death the fortune was passed to the testator's little niece Agya, then seven years old. Nirmal was aware that it might be to the interest of some one to kill the calf in order to get possession of the property through Agya, who was but a child and unfitted to defeat such a purpose. Nirmal therefore appointed Kadur, a priest, whose sacred calling he believed would make him honest, to take care of the calf. This man had charge of a temple where was an oracle who told people what would happen to them and how to avoid adverse decrees of fate. The oracle was the priest himself, who was concealed at the other end of the speaking tube whence came the voice. Those who received information dropped coins into a receptacle set up for the purpose, and the money was appropriated by the priest.

Business at the temple being dull when Kadur was in the care of the calf, he relegated the temple to another and accepted the new position, not that the salary he received as administrator was more than his profits as oracle, but the income of the estate would enable him to feed the calf and still live far more than he could make at the supernatural end of the speaking tube.

For a few years he enjoyed the perquisites of his administratorship; then the calf, which had meanwhile become a cow, died. Kadur, having no idea of giving up a good thing, substituted another cow and kept on heaping up the funds.

By this time Agya had come to a marriageable age. She had often visited the cow in the manger and knew not only its color, but every spot on its body. Kadur had matched as well as he could the cow of which he was guardian, but it was impossible that he should do so exactly. Every patch of color was duplicated, but there was in the original a black in white behind the right ear that was not present in the substitute.

After the war cow died Kadur discouraged Agya from visiting the successor, fearing that she would discover the fraud. He told her that he had a dream that her "cousin" would kick her to death. Agya grew suspicious and found a way to visit the manger when its guardian was absent and discovered the substitution.

Agya when she made this discovery had passed the age when Indian girls are married, for they wed in childhood, and, since unmarried girls in that country are considered undesirable, was fearful that she would be put out of the way. She had been thus far saved by the fact of her prospective inheritance; but, now that one cow after another would nominally hold her fortune, and Kadur would absorb the income, she feared that if the matter became known she

would be strangled. The original cow would now be ten years old, and Agya's father was thinking that it was time she should die. Agya, poor girl, was in an agony of fear lest he should suspect fraud, make an investigation and discover that a new heir had received her property, for she knew that no one would have power to defeat the rascality of a priest in the courts, and her fortune would be considered lost.

Agya about this time met a young man, Rustum, with whom she fell in love, and he loved her. She confided to him the situation, and the two put their heads together to form a plan of killing the cow and getting the property. This would be a difficult feat to accomplish. First it would be next to impossible to get at the beast, for Kadur had got wind of Agya's visit to the manger and kept several hirelings with orders to keep any one from access to the cow; secondly, there must be witnesses that she was dead.

One day a young man appeared at the place where the priest lived and applied for work. He declared that he had had no food for several days and begged as an especial favor that he be permitted to work for a little rice or a meal. He was turned away by the servants, but persisted in seeing the occupant of the premises. In this he succeeded, and Kadur gave him a temporary job to watch the cow with the others. The stranger on seeing the cow made a kotow, putting his face on the floor, for the cow is a sacred animal in India. This act of reverence won Kadur's confidence, and he gave the stranger a permanent position as cow guard.

One day a man living near the premises went to Agya's father and told him that a few weeks before he had started on a journey at 2 o'clock in the morning and had seen the dead body of a cow removed from the priest's premises and a live cow installed in its place. This settled Agya's fate, and her father made arrangements with some persons engaged in the business of strangling unmarried girls to put his daughter where she would cost him no more money.

Agya, who saw the men go into the house to confer with her father and suspected the purport of the conference, listened to it in concealment and heard her father agree to take her into a wood near by and deliver her to her executioners. The time appointed for the deed was one week from that day.

Now, it was Rustum who had begged Kadur for work and become one of the guards of the cow. Agya did not tell her father that she and her lover had laid a plan to secure her inheritance, for so great was his reverence for the priesthood that this would defeat the plan. Rustum could not solve the problem of marrying her, for he had not a rupee in the world.

Rustum in applying to Kadur for work hoped that he might be given the duty of watching the cow and intended looking out for an opportunity to expose the fact that she was not the original cow that as a calf had become the embodiment of the spirit of Nirmal's son and the heir to the fortune that was to pass at his death to Agya. If he could not expose the fraud possibly he might kill the cow. But this would be difficult since no one person was trusted with her care and any such attempt on his part would be foiled by the other caretakers.

When Agya heard that she was to be strangled that day week she knew it behooved her to be up and doing. She contrived to get word to Rustum of the situation, that he might make haste in the sacrifice of the cow that she might be saved. Rustum determined to put his scheme into operation at once.

There is no dearth of poisons in India, and Rustum would have no difficulty in mixing one of them in the cow's fodder. The trouble was to get witnesses of the animal's death. Indeed, this could only be done by corrupting the guard, for Rustum realized that when she died Kadur would pay those who were cognizant of her death to keep it a secret. If Rustum endeavored to forestall him by corrupting them himself, in case he was betrayed by any of them he would be sent away and the girl he loved would be strangled. Rustum

decided not to attempt to bribe any one; the risk was too great.

One dark morning before daylight Rustum arose and, partly dressed, stole out into the yard and, taking some combustibles from under a pile of rubbish where he had concealed them, placed them against the corner of the house where he cow was kept and set fire to them. When the flames were well started he raised a cry of fire and began to break down the door of the manger, ostensibly to rescue the cow. He had the day before weakened the door, and it gave way under his blows just before persons appeared on the scene. Rustum, rushing into the manger, took a little syringe from his clothing and, thrusting it into the cow, squirted the contents under her skin. Then, unloosening her, he led her out into the yard.

By this time the guards, who were on duty only by day, appeared and persons in the neighboring houses began to throng in to help put out the fire. Kadur came down half dressed and, seeing that the cow had been saved, muttered thanks to Vishnu and promised Rustum, who he was told, had saved her, a large reward. But suddenly while he was rejoicing at her safety she began to stagger and in another moment she fell dead in the presence of the assembled crowd.

As soon as Agya's father heard of the death of the animal that stood between his daughter and her fortune he instituted proceedings in the courts to give her possession of it, and, there being many witnesses of the cow's death, had no trouble in getting it out of the hand of the administrator. When this had been accomplished instead of turning her over to the executioners he laid a plan to marry her to a rich merchant.

Agya told her father how Rustum had saved her, but he would not believe it. The lovers asked him if he would be convinced if it were proved that the cow had been poisoned. He said that he would and in that case would consent to the marriage. Rustum then exhumed the cow, cut a piece from her, took it to an English chemist and asked him to analyze it. The chemist reported finding poison, and the lovers were married with the consent of their parents.

As for the priest he went back to the temple and resumed his work as an oracle, at which he continued to heap up money at the expense of those who believed.

This story may be considered "gauzy," but the missionaries who have labored among the superstitious classes in India will testify that, while there may be incorrect features in it, there is little or no overdraw-ing.—F. A. Mitchell.

SAVED A DOUGLAS.

Sir William Ramsay's Quick Wit at the Battle of Poitiers.

In the battle of Poitiers (1356) a number of Scottish soldiers fought on the side of the French, and several of them were taken prisoners by the English. Among them was Sir Archibald Douglas. Being dressed in a suit of splendid armor, the victors thought they had captured—as indeed they had—some great nobleman. Several of the English were about to strip off his armor when Sir William Ramsay of Colluthie, who was also a prisoner, happening to catch Sir Archibald's eye, gave him a meaning look.

Pretending to be very angry, he cried out: "You rascal, how is it that you are wearing your master's armor? Come here and pull off your boots!" Douglas, seemingly thoroughly cowed, went humbly forward and drew off a boot, with which Sir William began to beat him. The English onlookers at once interfered on Douglas' behalf, saying that he was a person of great rank and a lord.

"What!" shouted Ramsay. "He a lord? Why, he is a base knave and, I suppose, has slain his master. Go, you villain, and search the field for the body of my cousin, your master, and when you have found it let me know, that I may give it decent burial."

All this was acted so naturally that the English allowed Ramsay to ransom the pretended manservant for 40 shillings. The money having been paid, Sir William gave Douglas another thrashing and then bade him begone. Sir Archibald lost no time in

effecting his escape, which he owed solely to the ingenuity of his friend.

POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE FOR JANUARY, 1915.

A hospital ship in motion with the rays of a powerful light directed on the crimson Geneva cross painted upon its side forms the imposing cover design of the January Popular Mechanics Magazine. An interesting and instructive article on "The Rules of War" says: "Hospital vessels fitted by officially recognized relief societies bear a red band about their sides and fly the Geneva flag and that of the country under which they are operating. At night these ships are identified by a crimson Geneva cross, brilliantly illuminated, on their sides. They must afford relief to all wounded and shipwrecked men alike, may be searched by a belligerent, directed to take a new course, or even, in extreme cases, be temporarily detained, but their staffs must be respected and cannot be made prisoners." The January magazine, in addition to the article mentioned, contains a large amount of valuable information on the European situation. There are nineteen pages of views depicting, as only photographs can, conditions and incidents in the zone of action. One of the most interesting features of the magazine is an article describing in detail the trenching system from the moment the soldier, under fire, begins to scoop out a shallow hollow for his body until, under cover of darkness, he has prepared for himself a more elaborate protection—cavelike, and, possibly, equipped with some comforts. Yet another article describes and illustrates the small arms used by the several powers engaged in the present conflict.

Aside from the absorbing topic of the war there is a great deal of other interesting material in the January magazine. It contains, in all, 244 articles and 343 illustrations. H. H. Windsor discusses a number of topics, including "Know Our Own Country Better"; "Give the Railroads a Chance"; "High Finance and High Legislation"; "Made in the U. S."; "What \$10 Will Do," and "Strengthen the Navy." In the last he declares that, "The size of our military clothes is no bigger than years ago when we were scarcely half as large as now," and points out that, "While the peace doctrine is coming, it is well for us to have some first aid to the injured handy." The number abounds in fine page views and groups of views. Some of these show the floating gate for the Panama canal, John Hays Hammond's wireless-controlled boat, which has traveled twenty-eight miles into the open sea and return, without a single human being aboard it; the Tunkhannock viaduct in course of construction; a library of the smallest books in the world; picturesque river boats of various countries; guarding and developing our national forests, etc.

Among the articles, the following are especially noteworthy: "Great Elephant Butte Dam Approaching Completion"; "A Submarine-Aeroplane-Wireless System of Seacoast Defense"; "Perry's Victory Memorial a Great Doric Column"; "Sinking Ship Run Ashore After Being Rammed"; "Army Radio Plant Built in Limousine"; "Potash Deposits Found in California," etc.

The Shop Notes and Amateur Mechanics departments contain much valuable material, every article being free from technicalities and most of them illustrated. The Amateur Mechanics department gives full details for the construction of an ice boat and catamaran, snowshoes, a four-passenger coasting bobsled, an electric oven and many other useful articles.

Two Good Rules.

Here are a couple of guides to happiness: For a fit of passion take a walk in the open air. You may then speak to the wind without hurting any person or proclaiming yourself a simpleton. For a fit of idleness count the tickings of the clock. Do this for one hour and you will be glad to pull off your coat and go to work like a man.

Real Enjoyment.

Member (showing visitor through)—Yes, my dear, every woman ought to join a club. It's so refreshing to blackball some one you don't like."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Giuseppe Neri, also known as Guiseppe Neri and also known as G. Neri, deceased.—No. 1798.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Giuseppe Neri, also known as Guiseppe Neri and also known as G. Neri, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said executor, at his office at No. 349 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco, California, which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with the said estate of Giuseppe Neri, deceased.

SILVIO NIERI, Executor of the last will and testament of Giuseppe Neri, also known as Guiseppe Neri and also known as G. Neri, deceased.

Dated and first published at South San Francisco, California, on this 19th day of December, 1914.

John D. Willard and J. W. Coleberd, Attorneys for said Executor. 12-19-15

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of John B. Coffinberry, deceased.—No. 1803.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of John B. Coffinberry, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit such claims with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the office of said administrator in the Bank of South San Francisco, corner of Grand Avenue and Linden Avenue, South San Francisco, California, which said office the undersigned selects as his place of business in all matters connected with said estate of John B. Coffinberry, deceased.

W. H. COFFINBERRY, Administrator of the Estate of John B. Coffinberry, deceased.

Dated and first published in South San Francisco, California, on this 5th day of December, 1914.

J. W. Coleberd, Attorney for said Administrator. 12-5-15

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Rocks do not grow in the sense that a plant grows. They may increase by accretion, and they undergo chemical change. The old sea bed, being lifted up, becomes sandstone and limestone. The volcanic ash and lava strewn over the plains becomes tuff, hard enough for building stone. The pebbly shore of a river becomes conglomerate. The simple mineral grains grow, however, when it takes a crystalline form. The sparkling prism of quartz increases from an atom to a crystal as large as a forearm by a process of addition and assimilation, wonderfully slow, but beautifully regular, exactly as crystals of ice form on the window-pane.

Out of the twenty odd million acres which comprise Ireland nearly one-seventh are barren, being mountain, bog or marsh.

"So your engagement to Miss Jorcks is broken?" said Dubbleigh.

"Yes," sighed Higgins. "Her mother told me she was a first-class cook, and I was at once I'd never be able to keep her."

For portion of sewer from outlet
manhole south of Railroad Avenue, Fifty
Dollars (\$50.00); for manhole at
mile south of Railroad Avenue, Fifty
Dollars (\$50.00); for portion of sewer
from manhole at Railroad Avenue
to commercial Avenue, Forty Dollars
(\$40.00); for manhole at Commercial
Avenue, Forty Dollars (\$40.00); for
portion of sewer from the catch at
commercial Avenue to the catch basins
at commercial Avenue, Fifty Dollars
(\$50.00); for portion of sewer from
catch basins from manhole at Commercial
Avenue to manhole at Baden Avenue,
Fifty Dollars (\$50.00); for manhole at
Baden Avenue, Fifty Dollars (\$50.00);
for portion of sewer from manhole at
Baden Avenue to the catch basins at
Baden Avenue, One and 7-100 Dollars
(\$1.70); for portion of sewer from
manhole at Baden Avenue to manhole at
Grand Avenue, One and 7-100 Dollars
(\$1.70); for manhole at Grand Avenue,
Fifty Dollars (\$50.00); for portions of
sewer from manhole at Grand Avenue
to the catch basins at Grand Avenue,
One and 7-100 Dollars (\$1.70); for
manhole at Miller Avenue, One and
7-100 Dollars (\$1.70); for lineal foot
from manhole at Miller Avenue to
catch basin at the southwest corner of
Miller Avenue and Orange Avenue,
One and 7-100 Dollars (\$1.74); for
portion of sewer from manhole at
Miller Avenue to the catch basin at
the southeast corner of Miller Avenue
and Orange Avenue, One and 67-
100 Dollars (\$1.67); for portion of
sewer from the catch basin at the
southwest corner of Miller Avenue
and Orange Avenue to the manhole at
Miller Avenue, One and 76-100
Dollars (\$1.76); for lineal foot for
manhole at Miller Avenue, One and
Fifty-five Dollars (\$55.00); for
portion of sewer from the manhole on
Avenue west of Orange Avenue to
the catch basin at the southwest corner
of Acacia Avenue and Miller Avenue,
One and 65-100 Dollars (\$1.65); per
lineal foot; and for each catch basin,
Fifty Dollars (\$50.00).

Passed December 26, 1914.

WILLIAM J. SMITH